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RAINES BILL SIGNED.

No Suggestion as to Supplemental Legislation Made by Gov. Morton.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 23 .- Governor Morsigned the Raines high license bill today. He filed with his signature a lengthy n, in which he reviews the excise in which it will be benefited by the new law. He upholds the constitutionality of the bill and makes no suggestion as to supplemental legislation, as was expected. In closing he says: "It has been suggested that the bill in some of its features, especially in some of its administrative details, should be mended. Experience will probably suggest

KITTY SMITH'S CLAIM.

Wants the Court to Give Her a Portion of Her Late Flance's Estate.

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 23.-Miss Kitty F. Smith has filed a very unusual kind of claim against the estate of Alfred J. Hill. who died last June, and whose estate is nov undergoing probate in this county. Miss smith was the fiancee of Hill, and bases her claim on that fact, demanding \$200 for expenses incurred in preparation for marriage, \$100 for resigning her position before marriage, and \$2,000 said to have been promised her by Hill in consideration of the marriage. The estate is valued at \$65,000.

Lost \$20,000 in Securities. BALTIMORE, March 23 .- H. S. Kendall, who said he was employed by J. P. Morgan & Co., the New York bankers, reported at amden Station last night that he had lost satchel containing \$20,000 in securities on ashington. Mr. Kendall said he was on his way home from Cincinnati, and after leaving Washington fell asleep. When he awoke the satchel, which he had left in the rack above him, was gone. He notified the Saltimore & Ohio authorities and then pro-A dispatch from New York says: Members of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., in this city, deny all knowledge of H. S. Kendall. It is also denied at the banking house that there has been a loss of \$20,000 in the man-ner described in the foregoing dispatch from

Hardware Trade Dull.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 23. - Th ardware manufacturing concern of Sargent Co., employing some fifteen hundred hands nd the largest factory in the State, has re-uced hours from fifty-four to forty-two a reek, involving a weekly reduction in wages arned of about 22 per cent. It manufactmore than three thousand hardware articles, which tributes the causes of the reduction, in the was finishe main, to the slack demand for hardware after fifty goods caused by disquietude in regard to the stands: Si country's financial condition.

## If We Are Willing

To sell you our CUBAN HAND-MADE CIGAR within 50c per 100 of the factory price, what objection have you to buying them if the goods are fine as silk, which they are?

POWER & DRAKE, Distributors of Fine Imported and

Domestic Groceries, 16 North Meridian Street.

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Finest Havana Cigars.

Chambers Distributor.

59 North Penn. St.

THIRTEEN WORKMEN KILLED BY AN EXPLOSION AT DUBOIS, PA.

Two More Mangled in the Adrian Colliery-Some of the Bodies Mutilated

Into Unrecognizable Shapes.

DUBOIS, Pa., March 23 .- An explosion of gas in the Berwind-White colliery, on the eastern limits of this city, to-day caused the

GEORGE HARVEY, married, no children. HENRY HARVEY, married, two children. HARRY SMITH, married, two children. JAMES GRAHAM, married, large family. AMES GRAHAM, jr., single, INDSEY H. BRADLEY, married. OHN MONROE, married, two children. SE POSTLETHWAITE, married, three

POSTLETHWAITE, mamed

DAVID BELL, married.
REUBEN NOBLE, married.
GEORGE AINSLEY, married. The bodies have all been removed from th

mine, and are being made ready at the im provised morgue to be taken to their lat nomes. As the mining industry has been in . depressed condition for some time past, all of the families are left in very poor circum-The mine is a new one, which the company

has been opening up, and working crews in shifts to push the headings out in various directions for big work later on. Seventeen men went on at 7 o'clock this morning, thirteen going into the north heading and four into the south heading. At about 10 o'clock the four men were sensible of a shock, and a few minutes later the mine boss told them should get out as soon as possible. When the party, then consisting of five, reached the foot of the shaft they were nearly over-come by gas, and were hurriedly taken up in the cage. Assistance was immediately sum-moned, and practical miners from the Bell, their services. As the work of rescue pronorth heading was so terrific that some of the bodies were mutilated almost beyond rec-ognition. None of the thirteen was alive

Two More Victims.

PUNXSUTAWNEY, Pa., March 23.-Th gas in mine No. 1, Adrian, operated by the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg Coal and Iron Company, exploded, last night, and the mine is on fire. It is impossible to get into the mine any distance, although the exafter 12 o'clock last night the fire boss heard an explosion and this morning the men go ing into work were overcome. Some escaped and the alarm was given. Eleven men have been brought out, with two dead. The dead

ISAAC JONES, married, with three chil JOE LAWRENCE, widower, with eleven Both these men were rescuers. How many more there may be in the mine cannot be stated. It is supposed that some miners went in last night to work and ignited the gas.

Much excitement prevails about the mine,
but nothing definite will be known until

IKE PIZER LYNCHED.

A Louisiana Negro Who Was Accused of Insulting Two Girls.

SHREVEPORT, La., March 23.-A negro named Tke Pizer was lynched at 8 o'clock this morning, near Emporia Station, on the Shreveport & Houston railway. It seems that yesterday afternoon two young women were walking home on the railroad track. near Emporia. On their way they were stopped by the negro, Pizer, who offered them a gross insult, which they promptly resented. The negro then knocked them off the track and was frightened from further by the screams of the girls. The fled to the woods and the girls has-home and detailed what had hap-The news spread far and wide and on a mob of armed citizens were out on the trail of the negro. The search was continued all night and it was early this morning before his hiding place was discovered. He was then taken in charge and lynched by the infuriated mob.

Wrecked Near Shoshone. BOISE, Idaho, March 23 .- The west-bour Oregon Short-line train was wrecked near Shoshone to-day by a broken rail. Two sleepers and Superintendent Van Housen's private car left the track, the latter being mashed. Mr. Van Housen escaped with a number of bruises. A number of passengers

were slightly injured. Showniter Two Ahend. PHILADELPHIA, March 23.—The tenth game of the series between Showalter and Kemeny for the championship of America was finished to-day and resulted in a draw after fifty-four moves. The score now stands: Showalter, 5 wins; Kemeny, 3;

THERE WILL BE NO "PERSONAL ENCOUNTERS" IN HENRY COUNTY.

Representatives Johnson and Watson Have Shaken Hands and Parted Seemingly Good Friends.

BOTH WILL MAKE SPEECHES

BUT THERE WILL BE NO JOINT DE-BATE OF THE ISSUES.

The Richmond Congressman's Campaign Begun with a Denial of the Slanderous Charges.

FAIR ELECTION TO BE HELD

DELEGATES TO THE CONVENTION TO BE CHOSEN BY SECRET BALLOT.

Mr. Watson's Manly Denial of the Charges in the Johnson Interview

atives, came together to-day on the battle ground of the Sixth congressional district. he said: The men met in the office of the Bundy Hotel in New Castle about 10 o'clock this morning, and if one is to believe all the stories that heralded the meeting there should be many New Castle people surprised to see both men still alive and well and good for a prospective oid age. Although much has to meet the other, it may be said that today's meeting was accidental.

A great deal has been printed about these two congressional candidates in the last week, and there were people in New Castle to-day who doubtless be leved that a tragedy would follow the meeting of Congressman Johnson with Congressman Watson, Nothabsolutely disappointed. The men met, talked over their differences and parted, each to pursue his respective labors among the voters of Henry county. The brief interview between the congressional rivals was listened to by over a hundred men who crowded and jostled into the hotel office.

Mr. Watson spent Sunday at New Castle, and bright and early this morning was waiting the arrival of Mr. Johnson, whom he understood was to be in New Castle today. Mr. Watson occupied his time during most of the forenoon in the courthouse with his friend, County Clerk Hernley. Congressman Johnson arrived at 8:20 o'clock over the death of thirteen miners. Their names fol- Panhandle from Richmond. At the station he was met by a committee of his friends-W. H. Elliott, editor of the New Castle Courier; Dr. G. W. Burke, W. R. Wilson and J. B. Landwer. The platform was crowded, and when Mr. Johnson stepped from the cars many hands were extended to him. He looked pale and worn, but he smilingly acknowledged the salutations

> "Three cheers for Congressman Johnson," proposed J. B. Landwer, and the cheers were given right heartily.

> Mr. Johnson walked with editor Elliott to the Courier office, where another delegation of the Johnson faction had congregated. For an hour Mr. Johnson was closeted with Mr. Elliott, and it was while they were discussing the programme for the week that Mr. Watson's letter arrived, declining to enter into a series of joint debates with his opponent. Mr. Elliott read the letter and passed it over to Mr. Johnson, but the latter had his attention called to it in the morning Journal. Mr. Johnson, while in the Courier office, was apprised of Mr. Watson's presence in town, and was asked if he in-

tended calling on his political opponent. "I did not come here to seek a personal interview with Mr. Watson," he said. have challenged him to a joint debate, and I see that he has refused, so it is left for meet on the platform after all that has been said and settle this matter there. I want to face Mr. Watson before the voters of

NO BLOOD IN HIS EYE. Mr. Johnson denied that he had come out from Washington seeking a personal alter-

cation with his rival. He did not come with "blood in his eye," he said, and he asserted that he had been shamefully misquoted by the newspaper correspondents. "I have come out here to refute the things that have been said about me," he continued, "and there is one thing that I want to deny now. It is stated in a dispatch from Richmond this morning that if I am defeated by Mr. Watson, I am to work against him on an independent ticket. That

is untrue and there is no authority for the statement. God knows, I would be the last man in the world to bolt the party after having been defeated. No, I have been trying to wage this contest on manly and honest principles and I am willing to accept the voice of the people of the district and will do it graciously."

He said he had been feeling wretchedly ill for several days, having but recently passed through an attack of grip. Mr. Johnson did not leave the ffice until nearly 10 o'clock. He passed up the street with Mr. Elliott, stopping here and there to shake hands with acquaintances. When he reached the Bundy House Mr. Watson was not in the office. He came in, however, a few minutes later. Mr. Johnson's back was turned when Mr. Watson entered the door, but the young Republican from Rushville stepped boldly forward and with a "How are you, Mr. Johnson," extended his hand. It was a bold play on the part of Mr. Watson and the hundred or more who wit-

nessed the scene and saw the flash of light n Mr. Johnson's eye as he whirled about held their breath and shivered. Mr. Johnson was visibly agitated. His lips trembled, but he hesitated to speak. Watson was cool and smiling. It was instantly plain to all that he had taken the Richmond man by and had scored a point. That ent of hesitation on the part of the alleged impetuous Mr. Johnson was full of agony for the assembled crowd. It was only for a moment, however, for Mr. Johnson seeing the peaceful attitude of Mr. Watson, he mechanically reached forward and permitted Watson to vigously shake hands.
"It is with some reluctance that I shake hands with you at this time, Mr. Watson,' Johnson said, and grew very pale for a

Then it was all over, the fight being declared a draw. The meeting of these men appeared to be the signal for a rush forward by the crowd and in a half minute the hotel office was packed. The crowd formed a circle about the two Congressmen and pressed them close to each other. on the counters and went to desperate extremes to see and hear what was going on. Others clung to the casement of the windows and looked down on the central figures in the crowd. The women about the hotel have been taking an active interest in the contest and three or four of them stood in the corridors all morning waiting for something to happen.
"I have come back, Mr. Watson," said
Johnson, when he had regained his composure, "to meet the charges made against

"that these stories about my private life were circulated in Fayette and Union countles shortly after you visited them."

Watson started to reply to this insinuation, but Mr. Johnson interrupted, saying: "Hold on, Mr. Watson! Whether you were responsible for them or not, you are the beneficiary, and I shall believe that you could have reached out your hand and stopped them. That is what I should have done."

MR WATSON'S REPLY. "I did reach out my hand," replied Watson. "I did my best to crush them down. can recall one specific instance when one of my constituents came to me with these stories. I cautioned him then to forget them. I begged him to keep his own counsel and to repeat nothing he had heard. I had nothing to do with starting these stories, and I did all that I could to stop them."

"Well, then," rejoined Johnson, "your dis avowal is all that I can ask. Come with me to the platform and we'll discuss our interests before the people jointly. I think that I should go to Congress again and so do you. Let us stand before the voters of Henry county and let them judge between

Mr. Watson again declined to undertake a joint debate. He had at first thought he would accept Mr. Johnson's proposition, but his friends did not deem it best. He was in the hands of his friends and must abide by their decision. When the men separated it was with a handshake and an "All right, Henry," and "All right, Jim." The crowd cheered loudly as the Congressmen shook hands and parted. From New Castle Mr. Johnson drove ten miles this afternoon through the slush and snow to keep an appointment at Mooreland. A Journal correspondent also attended the meeting, and heard Mr. Johnson address a crowd of between two and three hundred. crowd of between two and three hundred men and boys in a schoolhouse at Mooreland. Mr. Johnson spoke for two hours. The speaker did not attempt to discuss public issues, but devoted his time to the various

charges alleged to have been made against him. He denounced the statements set out in the famous "Rose pamphlet" as maliciously Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

NEW CASTLE, Ind., March 23.—Henry U.

Johnson and James E. Watson, two of Indiana's best known congressional Representatives, came together to day on the battle atives, came together to day on the battle.

False.

"Why is it?" he asked, "that the name of a man, the name of his wife and fair-haired daughter have to be dragged down through the mud by a miserable, cowardly assault on his private character. I have never heard my public record assailed until these attacks on my private character commenced."

The speaker asserted that no man "he'd a mortgage" on him and that not one dime of "Johnson's money" should be used in securing his nomination in the district. As

securing his nomination in the district. As "My daughter is a member of the Catholi to that fair-haired girl and tear her from Johnson referred to the charge that he had been discourteous to General Har-rison in the Morrison will case. He denied that his conduct toward the ex-Presiden had been other than gentlemanly. He insisted that he cherished the highest personal regard for General Harrison.

'But," he added, "I can admire a man without getting down with all the ob-

sequiousness of the Oriental and prostrating myself in the dust Mr. Johnson spoke of his record in Congress, and took occasion to defend some of the statements made as to his work in th To-night he spoke at Mt. Summitt, touch

ing practically the same questions. Watson talked this morning Strawn, this county. Saturday night held a meeting at Middletown, when L. P. Jackson, at the head of a large manufactur ing establishment, presided. Mr. Jackson has been a life-long Democrat, but has nov declared himself for a protective tariff. From now until the primary convention April 1, Henry county is to be the field o operations for Johnson and Watson. Shelby, Hancock, Rush and Franklin are already for Watson, with 96 votes. Wayne, Union and Fayette, with 87 votes, are Mr. Johnson's column and the result de-pends on the vote of Henry. Johnson and his friends claim he w carry Henry county by 500. The friends of Watson are equally confident that they will win. To an outsider it looks to be very Henry U. Johnson said publicly yesterday

that he was for Judge Eugene Bundy for Appellate Judge. Mr. Johnson said he made this statement in the face of the latter's fight against him.

THE COMING PRIMARY.

Precautions of the Committee to Secure a Fair Election. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. NEW CASTLE, Ind., March 23 .- The Republican county committee met here to-day and drafted rules for the government of the primary election to be held on Wednesday. April 1. At this time will occur the regular nination of candidates for the various county offices and also the selection of Congressman for the Sixth district, for it is conceded by all that Henry county must settle the question. In view of the fact that the mittee took extra precautions to arrange matters so that a fair election in every may result. The committee decided to the Australian election method, except that no ballots shall be burned, and that names of those to be voted for to be left on the tickets and all others scratched off. In accordance with instructions of the county mass convention, a few weeks ago, it was decided to accord to the congressional candidate receiving the highest umber of votes in the county the vote of the county delegation to the congressional convention. The following resolution was passed and made a part of the regulations

Inasmuch as there is an animated contest in this county for the congressional nomination, each election board shall be com congressional candidate; or, if in any case this shall be impracticable, then one or more watchers on the part of the candidate not represented on the board shall be permitted to watch the voting and counting out, and to make objections to any part of the proceings that he or they may regard as being in violation of these rules, and, should they not be corrected, note and report them to the committee when it meets to canvass the

JOHNSON WOULD NOT BOLT. Announced that He Would Not Accept

Independent Nomination. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. RICHMOND, Ind., March 23 .- The Journal of this morning, referring to the Johnson-Watson congressional contest, contained these headlines, "Friends of the Richmond candidate threaten to run him independent if Watson is nominated." This conclusion was not justified by the substance of the article from Richmond and does Mr. Johnson a gross injustice. It was stated in the article that an independent candidate might be run against Mr. Watson if he were nominated under existing circumstances; and while it is probably true that such a move-ment might result, the suggestion was en-tirely foreign to Mr. Johnson or his friends, and he would not think of giving it co tenance. On the contrary, he has said that the nominating convention ends the fight with him. The reference to such a move-ment contained in the body of the article from here did not originate with Mr. Johnson or his friends, but from the opposit and on account of the complicated situation and it was not the intention of t correspondent, even inferentially, to hold Mr. Johnson or his friends responsible for it,

Central Labor Union's Resolutions. The Central Labor Union took action last night concerning the Republican congressional contest in the Sixth district, adopting the following resolutions: "Whereas, The most dangerous element to the liberty of the human race and to the bet-

terment of the condition of the wage earner lies in the passage of obnoxious laws by congresses and legislatures; and, "Whereas, The paid servants of the corporations seek election to bodies selected to legislate for the people, that they may betray their trust and defeat measures intended to give the working masses their just due, we believe that we should all, regardless party affiliation, denounce those who have the past shown that they could be used further the interests of corporations by using their positions or influence to defeat measures in the interest of the tolling masses. "Whereas, One Henry U. Johnson, now candidate for renomination to a position of public trust, proved himself to be the willing tool of the oppressors of labor during the session of the Indiana Legislature of 1891;

'Resolved, That we call on all member, of trade organizations and sympathizers of wage earners united to better their condi-tion to work against said Henry U. Johnson's nomination or election to Congress in the Sixth Indiana district.

"Be it further resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be given to the press, and other copies forwarded to all labor bedies in said congressional district."

M'KINLEY'S MANAGERS FIGHTING IN FAVORITE SONS' STATES.

Meeting at Cooper Union, New York Last Night in the Interest of "Prosperity's Advance Agent."

TO-DAY'S STATE CONVENTION

EFFORT WILL BE MADE TO KEEP OUT THE OHIO'S BOOMERS.

manent organization.

Mr. Fassett is actively working up the presidential candidacy of Governor Morton.

T. C. Platt kept his room all the forenoon on the plea of indisposition. He was able, however, to give audience to several leaders

from the interior of the State.

It has been decided to admit the Milholland delegates from five of the New York city districts.

SENATOR DAVIS'S STATE.

McKinley Likely to Have Most, if Not All, of the Delegates.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., March 23 .- The Re-

publicans of Minnesota will meet in State convention in this city to-morrow to elect four delegates at large to the St. Louis convention. A majority of the delegates are

already here, and but one name is mentioned.

The delegates from the Duluth district are instructed for Davis, but they are not talk-

ing anti-McKinley, and it is not believed that

some of his warmest friends are waging war against him because of their enthusiasm for McKinley.

District Delegates.

agers have captured several votes in the

State, and "favorite son" Davis, who ex-

pected a solid delegation back of him in the

national convention will have little support

elected W. R. Edwards, of Tracy, and W

H. Rowe, of Watonwan, delegates to St

The Third district convention adopted

Fourth district elected ex-Governo

R. Merriam and J. H. Crandall. A reso-

gment, such vote will not in any wise

d to defeat the nomination of William

lution was adopted requesting delegates to vote for Cushman K. Davis "when, in their

McKinley or lessen his chances of nomina-

Morrison Nichols, of Duluth, and Thoma

The Field Against McKinley.

AUSTIN, Tex., March 23.-The fight in

Cuney at their head, forswearing all com-

binations and announcing that they would make the fight singly and alone for Allison

for President and Cuney for temporary chairman of to-morrow's convention.

Tumulinous Conventions.

CHICAGO, March 23.-Two riot calls sent

in to the police stations, a number of rough

and tumble fights in the street, a stampede

of a crowd of 500 people by a score of police-

men and two riotous conventions-one of

which was held in the open air-were some

of the features of the Democratic aider-

manic convention of the Eighth ward to-

night. As a result of the tumultuous con-

ventions two candidates received nomina-

tions for alderman. Stanislas J. Halik, an

attorney, received the regular nomination made in the Bohemian Hall, and Frank

Meek was nominated by a howling mob outside on the sidewalk. Halik's nomina-

tion is the only one that will be recognized. The trouble began with the effort of Halik's opponents to keep his followers out of the hall. There were fights in the hall, up and

down the stairs, through the corridors, in the streets and all over the sidewalks. It

took a large detachment of police to drive the crowd away. No arrests were made and no one was badliy hurt.

Didn't Instruct.

lican convention of Macon county, one of

the counties in Senator Cullom's home

district, was held here to-day. There was

an effort to have the congressional dele-

gates instructed to vote for Hugh Crea, of

Macon, and H. N. Schuyler, of Christiana, for national delegates and that they be in-

structed "to vote for McKinley first, last and all the time." The convention adopted

Six Uninstructed Delegates.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., March 23,-The

Territorial Republican convention to select

six delegates and alternates to the national

Republican convention met here to-day. The

following delegates were selected, who will

go uninstructed: Perdo Perea, of Boinallillo:

William M. Llewelling, of Donna Ana; Thomas D. Burns, of Rio Arriba; A. L. Morris, of Santa Fe; John S. Clark, of San

diguel; Solomon Luna, of Valencia. The elegates are divided in their personal prefrences between McKinley, Allison, Reed and

McKinley Votes from Massachusetts.

BOSTON, March 23. - At the Tenth con-

gressional district convention in Wesleyan

Charles Hammond were elected delegates to St. Louis. Both men are the candidates of

Stephenson's Candidacy Indorsed.

NOBLESVILLE, Ind., March 23 .- At

candidacy of Judge R. R. Stephenson for

meeting of the Hamilton county bar

pecial to the Indianapolis Journal.

ngressman Harry Atwood, an avowed Mc-

demanding statehood for

DECATUR, Ill., March 23 .- The Repub-

Anderson, of Little Falls, were elected the Sixth district convention. The reso-

Louis. They are instructed for McKinley.

selves for McKinley.

may be satisfied

The Second district convention to-day

ST. PAUL, March 23 .- McKinley's man-

Platform to Be Devoted to National Affairs, Except an Indorsement of Gov. Morton's Administration.

MINNESOTA FOR M'KINLEY

MOST OF THE DISTRICTS HAVE IN STRUCTED THEIR DELEGATES,

ing anti-McKinley, and it is not believed that C. D. Davis's name will be mentioned to-morrow. The four delegates at large will certainly be instructed for McKinley. The contest over who shall go to St. Louis is sharp, from the fact that those most prominent are men who have stood for Davis and who have only joined the McKinley column when they saw the trend of the movement. There is little talk about the platform. One of the main contests that is occupying the attention of the delegates is between T. B. Walker and R. G. Evans, both of Minneapolis, for the position of delegate at large. Evans is exceedingly popular, but the fact that he is not a pronounced McKinley man is telling against him, and some of his warmest friends are waging And the State Convention Will Probably De Likewise-Senator Davis Practically Without Support.

NEW YORK, March 23.-The presidential boom in New York city of William McKinley, jr., of Ohio, was launched at Cooper Union to-night. The hall was well filled notwithstanding the snowstorm which had center of the stage was a life-size picture of ex-Governor McKinley framed with tin plates. Underneath the picture was a silken banner, with the following in gold letters: "The anti-machine Republican organization of the city and county of New York." On the right of the platform was another banner, "The Republican stands for an honest dollar and the way to earn it," and on the left was a banner with the inscription, "William McKinley, prosperity's advance agent."

Major Lovell H. Jerome called the meeting to order. He said it was useless for the machine politicians to disregard the returns that were coming in from all parts of the country favoring the nomination of William McKinley. The latter was the enemy of the bosses and not their tool. Major Jerome introduced as the chairman of the meeting General Wager Swayne. The meeting, he said, had been called to make plain to the people of this State and throughout the country and to the dele gates to the convention about to be held that the second choice for President of the United States was William (Cheers.) Governor Morton, he said, had rendered valuable service to the State. Some of the audience hissed at the mention of Governor Morton's name, but General Swayne stopped this in a hurry. He that the Governor cheered and machine in the Republican party was none of his making. It had been hoped that the name of Governor Morton would go be-

fore the convention without opposition, but it appeared that the sentiment of the county was for McKinley." General Swayne introduced as the next speaker Senator Frank D. Pavey, of this city. For the past two years, the speaker said, the country had experienced a period of | noon, combined forces to oppose McKinley financial depression and disaster not felt before for many years. This was due to the Democratic administration. When the pres idential term of Harrison expired the country rison was a candidate now he would be nom-inated without opposition. But General Harrison was not a candidate, and he had so announced to the public. With Harrison out, who so fit for the nomination as William McKinley? From one end of the country to

the other the people were alive for his nom-When Senator Pavey had finished his address, John E. Millholland offered for adop-"Resolved, That we, the Republicans of th ity and State of New York, in mass meet ing assembled, organize ourselves into a po-litical body, to be known as 'The McKinley League of the State of New York;' and, "Resolved. That the league's activity shall be to procure by all honorable and lawful means the nomination of Mr. McKinley at

St. Louis and his election, at the polls in No 'Resolved. That the officers of this leagu shall be a president, one vice president for each judicial district of the State, four secretaries, a treasurer and a general committee to consist of not less than two members from each Assembly district, and an executive committee of the general committee to consist of at least one member from each "Resolved. That the immediate work of carrying into effect these resolutions be placed in the hands of a committee of organi-

zation to consist of not less than fifteer The resolutions were unanimously adopted it was moved and seconded that the chair man be given the power to nominate fifteer man be given the power to nominate fifteen persons who should form the executive committee. General Swayne selected the following: John E. Millholland, Frank D. Pavey, Lowell H. Jerome, Gen. Samuel L. Thomas, John F. Montigani, George E. Matthews, Rudolph Bremer, William Brookfield, Chas. A. Ward, Benjamin Oppenheimer, A. H. Steele, L. H. Piercy, Dr. L. Seaman, E. M. Cravath Thomas F. Egan. Cravath, Thomas F. Egan. George E. Matthews, editor of the Buffalo Express, then made a speech in which he declared that 99 per cent. of the Republicans of Erie county favored McKinley. Albert H

Steele, Deputy Commissioner of Public Works, also spoke in favor of the McKinley Gossip About the Convention. NEW YORK, March 23 .- The Republican State convention will be held here to-morrow and most of the delegates are already in th city. Adherents of the McKinley boom circulated among the delegates to-night and induced many of them to attend the massmeeting held in the Ohio ex-Governor's honor. The fact that Governor Morton had not only signed the Raines liquor tax bill, but had also indersed it in a long brief, made some of the city members rather willing to be approached by the agents of the Ohio candidate, and many expressions of disgruntlement were heard.

gruntlement were heard. The State committee met at the Fifthavenue Hotel to-night to appoint temporary officers for the convention. Cornelius F Parsons, of Rochester, was named as tem porary chairman, and Reuben L. Fox, Chas. A. Ball, L. B. Gleason and John S. Kenyon temporary secretaries. Congressman George H. Southwick, of Albany, will be made permanent chairman of the convention and the temporary secretaries will be made perma-

Great circumspection was exercised to night in giving out the tickets of admission no McKinley men shall be admitted to disturb the harmony of the meeting or inter-rupt when the resolutions indorsing Morton for the presidency are put to the convention. Chairman Charles W. Hackett, of the State committee, was indisposed to-night and unable to attend the meeting. He is slated to call the convention to order, but if unable to appear that function will be performed Secretary Kenyon.
It has been decided by the leaders the

anything connected with State affairs excep anything connected with State arrairs except
the indorsement of the administration of
Governor Morton. It had been thought that
perhaps it would be well to have a separate
resolution indorsing the Raines bill, and
Senator Raines and State Committeemar
Barnes are in favor of that, but the leader
are afraid of a demonstration on the subject
if it is broached. The platform, which is in
Senator Lexow's keeping to-night, is quit

brief. It favors a sound currency on a gold basis; reaffirms the tariff policy of protection, but asks that it be so guarded as not to prove monopolistic in any sense, while still protecting American industries. This, in brief, besides the indorsement, is all that is to be said in the resolutions.

It was finally decided early to-night that Comptroller Roberts could not go as an alternate, because of the Eric county delegation's attitude. Ex-Senator McMillan was slated to go in his place, and this did not seem to stop the trouble, for it was announced just after the above fact was made public that Eric county delegates would renounce Morton and would not even promise him support at the first ballot. The slate, as arranged, with the addition of McMillan, will probably not be changed. It was decided to-right that the electors at large should be E. H. Butler, of Buffalo, and Gen. Benjamin Tracey, of Brooklyn. Each of the congressional districts will have a representation on the committees. George Aldridge, of Rochester, will head the committee on permanent organization.

Mr. Fassett is actively working up the

SCOTT JACKSON'S CASE TAKEN UP ON THE 1ST OF APRIL.

Counsel Warned by Judge Helm that No Further Continuance Will Be

OBJECTIONS ALL OVERRULED

Allowed by the Court.

SHERIFF PLUMMER CONFIDENT

Scenes About the Courthouse When the Prisoners Were Taken from

Jail-Both Evidently Frightened.

BOTH MEN WILL BE CONVICTED.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. NEWPORT, Ky., March 25 .- Scott Jackson and Alonzo Walling, charged with the murder of Pearl Bryan, had their preliminary hearing this morning. When they were arraigned in court both pleaded not guilty. Demurrers to the indictment were overruled. Judge Helm granted their motions for separate trials. Jackson will be

tried first, on April 7, and his attorneys

were notified that no further continuance would be allowed. As early as 8 o'clock ticket holders were about the courthouse corridors clamoring for admission and a half hour later the small delegation was augmented to a crowd of several hundred people. Police were stationed at all the entrances of the courthouse and a big officer stood guard at the stairways leading to the Circuit Court room. strong McKinley resolutions and, before tak-No attempt was made to keep the curious iég a ballot for delegates, demanded an ex-pression from all candidates. Ex-Governor Hubbard and T. M. Paine were chosen as delegates. All candidates announced themout of the corridors, and by 9 o'clock they were packed and jammed with a jolly, goodnatured crowd expecting to see Jackson and Walling taken from the jail to the courtroom, but they were disappointed, for half an hour before Sheriff Plummer quietly walked over to the jail and, after a short conference with Jailer Bitzer, informed the prisoners to make ready to go to court instantly. In thirty seconds Walling, securely handcuffed to Jailer Bitzer and Jackson similarly secured to Sheriff Plummer, lutions declare for Senator Davis as first choice for Prez'dent, with McKinley second choice. C. F. Hendrix was indorsed as delethe party started for the courthouse. It was only a few steps to the side entrance of the courthouse, and, walking quickly, Sheriff Plummer and the prisoners mounted the steps and were soon safely in the cor-

nated Frank M. Eddy for Congress and elected C. J. Gunderson, of Alexandria, and E. G. Valentine, of Wilkin, as delegates to St. Louis. They are for McKinley. ridors before it was known that the prisoners had left the jail. PALED AND TREMBLED. On reaching the corridors, however, the Sheriff was confronted with a new diffimorrow's Republican convention will be Mcculty, for there, lounging about awaiting Kinley against the field. The McKinley men their arrival, was a crowd of three score were very sanguine of success without opor more men. Jackson, when he saw them, position until about noon to-day, and then turned pale, and even Walling, who has it was precipitated on them in a heap by all along kept up a brave spirit, trembled the Allison and Reed men who, this afterat the sight. There was nothing to do but to run through the crowd, there could be no in to-morrow's convention. These two facturning back. Silently the sheriff and his tions were themselves at outs until they arparty made their way toward the crowd. rived on the ground to-day, and it was not The quick echo of their footsteps upon the until they discovered McKinley's strength corridor floor was the only sound that rethat they combined forces with the hopes sounded through the big courthouse. With of beating McKinley and pacifying them-selves with the divided delegation to St. a determined look on his face Sheriff Plum-Louis. The McKinley men say that while mer led the way with Jackson, Not they would prefer not having a fight, they word was uttered when the party reached are ready for it if it comes, but if one is started there will be no quarter given. the crowd about the stone steps. There Cuney, the Allison leader, is a power among the negroes, and says that he is still in the field with a following that will make itself was no hesitation on the part of the officials. Instantly on their arrival the crowd felt. Even the most conservative politicians are predicting a split to-morrow unless some stepped back and made an opening for the truce can be patched up by which Cuney sheriff and the prisoners, and still silent the procession continued its way upstairs Later-After an all-day wrangle to arand the prisoners were taken to the jury range a combination between the Allison rooms leading off the courtroom to the and Reed men, the whole business was west. Jackson was placed in the north knocked into a cocked hat to-night shortly before 11 o'clock by the Allison men, with

room and Walling in the south

ers were in the courthouse the crowd in the corridors became much greater, but the presence of the police had a quieting effect and there was no trouble reported. Sheriff Plummer's system of giving out tickets proved to be a wise innovation, for the big crowd that filled the seats in the courtroom was as orderly and well-dressed and intelligent as could be seen at any place of amusement, for they were undoubtedly At 9:30, the time set for the hearing, the seats about the reserved space were all taken. Several ladies were among the audience and their presence caused widespread and various comments. The first man to enter the courtroom was Sher'st Plummer after he had left the prisoners in the care of Jailer Bitzer and Deputy Sherist Veith. All the prominent citizens attorneys, doctors, merchants, city and county officials and a host of newspaper men filled the courtroom to overflowing.

When it became known that the prison-

PROCEEDINGS OF THE COURT At 10 o'clock Col: George Washington, Walling's attorney, entered the countroom, followed by Col. L. J. Crawford, Jackson's attorney. Both attorneys took seats directly in front of the bench with the other counsel. At the right of Colonel Crawford gat Commonwealth's Prosecutor M. R. Lockhart. County Attorney Ramsey Washington took his chair in front of all the attorneys, directly facing the judge's bench. At 10:15 Sheriff Plummer took his place on the bench directly at the left of the judge's seat and a few minutes later Judge Helm entered through a door in the rear of the courtroom and immediately took his seat. Sheriff Plummer, standing, formally opened court, the entire audience of over 300 people standing. Clerk A. L. Reuscher, who set at the right of Judge Helm, ther read at the judge's direction the minutes of the last sitting of the court. Col. R. W. Nelson, who is assisting in the prosecution in the interest of the Bryan family, came in during the reading, followed five minutes later by attorneys Shepherd and Andrews,

After the reading of the minutes Judge Helm formally called the cases of Jackson and Walling amid intense but, of course, subdued excitement, which could hardly be restrained when the sheriff was ordered to bring the prisoners into court. Sheriff Plummer went quickly to the room where Jackson was confined and conducted him into court. With flushed face and bloodshot eyes, Jackson looked a picture of abject misery and fear, although later he made a brave and successful effort at self-possession. Half hesitatingly he took the seat in the jury box reserved for him. He did not look out at the sea of faces that stared at him, but either kept his eyes on the floor or on Judge Helm. He had no more than gotten comfortably seated than Walling was ushered in by the sheriff. As usual he was not in the least affected, but half smiling took the seat pointed out to him. smiling took the seat pointed out to him. His very first act was to closely scrutinize the crowd, completely taking in the surroundings. He then leaned back in his chair as though about to enjoy a comit opera, while Jackson nervously sat uprigin in his chair and listened attentively to the

Judge Helm then proceeded to formally arraign the prisoners on the charge of murder, but Colonel Washington made objection to the arraignment until after he had filed a demurrer to the indictment, but the court overruled the Colonel's objection and Jackson and Walling were commanded to the Appellate Bench was indorsed in a series of resolutions. Speeches were made by near-